THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong....To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. III.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Monday Morning, April 17, 1865. [No. 87.

The Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) AT

CAMP DOUGLAS, U. T.,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN.

—OF THE—

California and Nevada Volunteers

—o—

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☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE. Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ MR. LUCIUS A. BILLINGS is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, Main street, will be promptly attended to.

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C. B. WAITE & CO.,

DEALERS IN MINING STOCKS. &C.

IDAHO CITY, IDAHO TER.

feb. 14-tf

JAS. W. STEVENS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. Office on 1st East Temple street, opposite Seventy's Hall. jan11-tf

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Dealers in

Groceries, Hardware, Clothing etc.

e8tf Main St., next to Salt Lake House.

T. D. BROWN & SON,

Provision Store,

EXPRESS & EXCHANGE OFFICE.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

AUSTIN M. CLARK. | JOHN W. KERR. | M. E. CLARK.

CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

East Temple st., (Salt Lake House,) G. S. L. City.

Exchange Sold on all parts of the United States and Europe. m28tf

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Dealers in

Dry Goods & Ready Made Clothing.

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Wanted: Produce of all kinds. d19tf

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PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this Mine on the shortest notice.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine, will be promptly attended to.

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MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY,

AND

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—IN—

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DENTIST.

OFFICE at the residence of MRS. KAYE,

East Temple Street.....G. S. L. City.

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jan16-tf

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feb17-tf AARON NEWFIELD.

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mar18-tf

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mar13-1m.

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S. LELAND & CO.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

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LEWIS LELAND & CO.

UNION HALL,

SARATOGA SPRINGS.

W. W. LELAND & CO.

dec29-1m

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ELLIS & BROTHERS

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Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

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Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of varied shades,

Straw mattings, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

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Rope of all sizes, Glass and Queens ware, Stationery and Blank Books. Dye Stuffs, etc.,

Groceries, Paints, Oils, Cigars and Tobacco Wines and Liquors. Coal Oil and looking glasses.

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, taking as our motto

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

One of our firm residing in the market city, our facilities are such that we shall constantly be in receipt of new goods, which we will endeavor always to purchase with an eye open to the requirements and to the advantage of this community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Politeness, strict attention, and Accommodation to Customers, will always be the order of the day.

☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

☞ Our place of business is on the west side of East Temple street, (Main street.)

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(*Successors of Powers, Neuman & Co.,*)

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PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

Fine Wines and Brandies,

FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

☞ All orders promptly filled at lowest market price. feb1-3m

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NOVELS and light LITERATURE for sale, exchange, or hire,

—o—

SUBSCIPTIONS TAKEN FOR PAPERS!

—o—

THE NEW YORK LEDGER,

It is not yet too late to subscribe for the above, commencing from the New Year.

Anything in this line, not procurable in this place, can be sent for by the

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT.

—o—

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To Learn Piano-forte Playing

EASILY AND THOROUGHLY.

USE THE

STANDARD INSTRUCTION BOOK.

"Richardson's New Method."

An Improvement upon all others in Progressive Arrangement, Adaptation and Simplicity. Founded upon a New and Original Plan, and Illustrated by a Series of Plates, showing the proper position of the Hands and Fingers.

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AT THEIR SHAVING SALOON, WILL BE happy at all times to see their friends, and will Shave, Cut Hair and Shampoo, in the very best style. Call and try us, and we promise satisfaction, at a very moderate charge.

mar24-tf HOLLAND & DIX.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY VEDETTE.

New York, April 13th.

Additional by the Europa: A West India mail steamer arrived with over two and a quarter millions in specie. [illegible] Treasury, [illegible] were good.

The French government will probably send one or two steamers to accompany the two that are to be sent by the English government with the Great Eastern across the Atlantic, at the time of laying the Atlantic Cable. It is hoped the United States will do the same.

In the French Chambers, on the 20th, an amendment in favor of liberty of the press was debated, but was rejected by a large majority.

It is stated that Napoleon will leave Paris early in May, not returning until November. His physicians having recommended seven months absence in the country of Italy.

In allocutions delivered at the last consistory, the Pope expressed surprise and sorrow at the sad events which have recently taken place in Mexico. His Holiness hoped Maximilian would abandon the course upon which he had entered, and satisfy the just desires of the Holy See. The Pope further thanked the bishops of the Catholic world, especially those of Italy, for defending the religion and the liberty of the church, despite the decrees of secular authorities.

Liverpool, Aril 1st.

The Times, to-day, has an editorial on the amended tariff law of the United States, and says: It is impossible to find an excuse, for it is tried by the light of reason or by the results of experience. It is alike condemned. It ironically credits the framers of the scheme with peculiar wisdom in selecting the first of April for its inauguration.

New York, April 14th.

The Commercial's special says: It is reported that Johnston has retreated south, and it is supposed the rebels intend to make a stand in Georgia and trans-Mississippi, more with the view of securing better terms than from any hope of establishing an independent government.

The New York Express has information from one of its editors at Richmond that Jeff. Davis on the 3d penned a proclamation at Danville, saying that Virginia had been re-occupied by the Federal forces and that the war would be continued.

Sherman was in Raleigh and Johnston it was believed was retreating it was thought for Augusta where the rebels were trying to make a nucleus of another Southern army The Express says, Stoneman with 6 or 8,000 cavalry had reached Yadkin river valley, N. C., he was moving to the railroad between Greensboro and Danville and as Johnston is north of this, his retreat by this time is cut off.

The Daily Union Vedette.

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1865

A Deed Without a Name.

The wing of the Death Angel broods over the Capitol and his shadow has fallen upon all the land. There is consternation in the public places, and the hearts of the people are appalled with a sadness that is something more than sorrow. Our banners droop low and the cities are clothed in the habiliments of woe. Nature herself is hushed to silence as though in sympathy with the National bereavement.

For a nameless crime has been committed, the people have been stricken down in the person of their Chief Magistrate, and the Nation, humbled to the dust by an assassin band, sits weeping in sack-cloth and ashes. Strong men, unused to shed tears, wander about with heads bended low and sorrowing like children. The announcement comes like an electric shock, paralizing the public mind with speechless horror—but for one moment only.

The mask is now thrown aside and the fell fiend of treason stands forth, revealed in all its hideous depravity, its devilish propensities—is seen to be a principle of unmixed malevolence, the incarnation of evil. This is the spirit that has animated those, who have murdered their captives in cold blood and starved to death the prisoners of war confined in southern dungeons. This is the spirit, that has rioted in our northern cities, made them the food of incendiary fires and revelled in the blood of helpless victims.

Well would it be for those, who have heretofore held sympathy with treason, well for the nation, if the wretched madmen, who have wrought this last frightful tragedy, with all of their coward league of conspirators, could be at once overtaken and brought to condign punishment at the hands of constituted authority. Else no man can foresee the consequences, for there is a spirit abroad that little brooks restraint, vengeance which possesses the souls of men and cries aloud for retribution. Should it break forth, it will spread like a conflagration, like a deluge of fire, and God have mercy on any that stand in its course, for there will be none in the hearts of men. God help them, if thus groping blindly for revenge, the innocent are made to suffer for the crimes of the guilty. We regard this as the most critical hour of the Republic, for never was there such cause to make imminent the inauguration of a reign of terrible anarchy, and it will surely be our crowning triumph, if we can raise ourselves above the impulses of the hour. Alas! this feeling must have longer duration, and the danger will grow as we are enabled to comprehend the awful tragedy. It will go ill with all who have manifested treasonable sympathies in the time of trial, for the fury of public wrath will sweep them down as whirlwinds in their passage crush forests to the earth.

Never was messenger of fate winged with such fearful consequences. Rash fools! raving madmen! when they struck down Abraham Lincoln, they slew their best friend. He was the mediator between them and their enemies—between treason and outraged humanity. Who shall now stay the tide of righteous anger—who stretch his hand over the mad sea of human passion, saying to the troubled waves, "peace, be still," and be obeyed? We fear there is none.

"*Sic semper tyrannis.*" Never were words more inaptly applied than those to the great Apostle of Freedom, Abraham Lincoln; and who would dare to question Justice, if the people, who loved him as men seldom love a ruler, should answer from hearts, now for the first time burning with quenchless hate,—"death to traitors?"

We would not seem irreverent, but cannot help remembering, that the aniversary of the self same day, which saw the Crucifixion on Mount Calvary of the Messiah, eighteen hundred years after saw the assassination of the great Liberator, whom martyrdom has henceforth canonized as such and made immortal. "As Christ died to make men holy, he has died to make them free."

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Horrible Assassination of President Lincoln, at Ford's Theater, Washington!! Stabbing of Secretary Seward!! Wounding of Fred. Seward!! J. Wilkes Booth suspected of being the Murderer! Rumors of his Arrest!!- Immense Excitement Throughout the Country!!!

Washington, April 14.

President Lincoln and wife, with other friends, this evening visited Ford's theater, for the purpose of witnessing the performance of the "American Cousin." It was announced in the papers that Gen. Grant would also be present; but that gentleman took a late train of cars for New Jersey. The theater was densely crowded, and everybody seemed delighted with the scene before them. During the third act, and while there was a temporary pause, for one of the actors to enter, a sharp report of a pistol was heard, which merely attracted attention, but suggested nothing serious until *a man rushed to the front of the President's box, waving a long dagger in his right hand, exclaiming, "Sic semper tyrannis."* and immediately leaped from the box, which was in the second tier to the stage beneath, and ran across to the opposite side of the stage, making his escape, amid the bewilderment of the audience, from the rear of the theater and mounting a horse, fled.

The screams of Mrs. Lincoln first disclosed the fact to the audience, that the President had been shot, when all present rose to their feet, rushing toward the stage, many exclaiming, "hang him!" The excitement was of the wildest possible description. Of course there was an abrupt intermission of the theater. There was a rush toward the President's box, when cries were heard, "stand back!" "give him air!" "has any one stimulants?"

On a hasty examination, it was found that the President had been shot through the head above and back of the tempe ral bone, and that some of the brain was oozing out. He was removed to a private house, opposite the theater, and the Surgeon-General of the army and other surgeons were sent for to attend to his condition.

On examination of the private box, blood was discovered on the back of the cushioned rocking chair, on which the President had been sitting, also on the partition and on the floor. A common single barreled pocket pistol was found on the carpet.

A military guard was placed in front of the private residence to which the President had been conveyed, and an immense crowd was in front of it, all deeply anxious to learn the condition of the President. It had been previously announced that the wound was mortal, but all hoped otherwise. The shock to the community was terrible.

At midnight, the Cabinet, Messrs. Befoy, Farnsworth, Judge Bates, Governor Oglesby, Gen. Meigs, Col. Hay, and a few personal friends, with Surgeon General Barnes, and his immediate assistants, were around the bed-side of the President, who was in a state of cyncope, totally insensible, and breathing slowly The blood oozed from a wound at the back of his head. The Surgeon General exhausted every possible effort of medical skill, but all hope was gone.

The parting of his family with the dying President was too sad for description.

The President and Mrs. Lincoln did not start for the theater until 15 minutes after eight o'clock. Speaker Colfax was at the White House at the time. The President stated to him that he was going, (although Mrs. Lincoln had not been well,) because the papers had announced that Gen. Grant was to be present, and as Grant had gone north, he did not wish the audience to be disappointed. He went with apparent reluctance and urged Colfax to go with him, but that gentleman had made other engagements and, with Mr. Ashman of Massachusetts, bid him good-bye.

When the excitement at the theater was at its wildest height, reports were circulated that Secretary Seward had also been assassinated. On reaching this gentleman's residence, a crowd and a military guard were around its door. On entering, it was ascertained that the reports were based on truth. Everybody there was so excited that scarcely an intelligible word could be gathered.

The facts are substantially as follows:

About ten o'clock, a man rang the bell and the call having been answered by a colored servant, he said he had come from Dr. Viede, Secretary Seward's family physician, with a prescription, at the same time holding in his hand a small piece of folded paper and saying in answer to a refusal, that he must see the Secretary, as he was entrusted with particular instructions concerning the medicine. He insisted on going up, although repeatedly informed that no one could enter the chamber. He pushed the servant to the inside and walked heavily to the Secretary's room He was met there by Mr. Fred. Seward: of whom he demanded to see the Secretary, making the same representation which he did to the servant.

What further passed in the way of colloquy is not known; but the man struck him on the head with a billy, severely injuring his skull and felling him almost senseless.

The assassin then rushed into the chamber and attacked Mr. Seward, the pay-master of the U. S. Army, and Mr Russell, a messenger of the State Department, and two male nurses, disabling them. He then rushed upon the Secretary, who was lying in bed in the same room, and inflicted three stabs in his neck, but not severing, it is hoped, and thought, the artery, though he bled profusely. The assassin rushed down stairs, mounted his horse, and rode off before an alarm could be sounded, and in the same manner as after the assassination of the President.

It is believed that the injuries of the Secretary are not fatal, nor those of the others, although both the Secretary and assistant Secretary are very seriously injured.

Secretaries Stanton and Welles and other prominent officers of the Government called at Seward's house, to enquire into his condition and there heard of the assassination of the President. They then proceeded to the house where he was lying.

An immense crowd was gathered in front of the President's house and a strong guard was also stationed there many persons evidently supposing that he would be brought to his home. The city throughout presents a scene of the wildest excitement, accompanied by violent expressions of indignation and the profoundest sorrow. Many shed tears. The military authorities have dispatched patrols in every direction, in order, if possible, to arrest the assassin. The whole police are likewise vigilant for the same purpose.

The attacks, both at the theater and Seward's house, took place at about the same hour, 10 o'clock, thus showing a preconcerted plan to assassinate those gentlemen. Some evidence of the guilty party who attacked the President are in possession of the board of police.

Vice President Johnson is in the city His head quarters are guarded by troops

Washington, 14th, 12 o'clock.

To Dix —This evening about 9 30 p. m., at Ford's theater, the President, while sitting in his private box, with Mrs Lincoln, Mrs Harris, and Major Rathburn, was shot by an assassin, who suddenly entered the box and approached behind the President. The assassin then leaped upon the stage, brandishing a large dagger and made his escape in the rear of the theater. A pistol ball entered the back of the Presidents head, and penetrated nearly through the head. The wound is mortal. The President has been insensible ever since it was inflicted and is now about dying.

About the same hour, an assassin whether the same or not, entered Mr Seward's apartments, and under pretence of having a prescription, was shown to the Secretary's sick chamber. The assassin imediately rushed to the bed and inflicted two or three stabs on the throat and face. It is hoped that the wounds may not be mortal. My apprehension is that they will prove fatal.

The nurse alarmed Fred. Seward, who was in an adjoining room. He hastened to the door of his fathers room, where he met the assassin, who inflicted upon him one or more dangerous wounds His recovery is doubtful.

It is not probable that the President will live through the night.

General Grant and wife were advertised to be at the theatre this evening, but he started to Burlington at 6 o'clock.

This evening at a cabinet meeting, at which Grant was present, the subject of the state of the country and the prospect of a speedy peace was discussed. The President was very cheerful and hopeful, and spoke very kindly of Gen. Lee and others of the Confederacy, and of the establishment of a government in Virginia.

All the members of the Cabinet, except Seward, are now in attendance upon the President. I have seen Mr. Seward, but he and Frederick were both unconscious. (Signed)

STANTON.

Later.—President Lincoln died at 8.-30 a. m.

Secretary Seward died a little after 9 a. m. to-day.

War Department, Washington, 15th.

Abraham Lincoln died this morning at twenty-two minutes after 7 o'clock.

(Signed.) E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

Washington, 4:10 a. m., April 15th.

The President continues insensible, and is sinking. Secretary Seward remains without change. Frederick Seward's skull is fractured in two places, besides a severe cut on the head. The attendant is still alive, but hopeless. Maj. Seward's wounds are not dangerous. It is now ascertained, with reasonable certainty, that two assassins were engaged in the horrible crime. Wilkes Booth being the one that shot the President, and the other is a companion of his, whose name is unknown, but whose description is so clear that he can hardly escape.

It appears from a letter found in Booth's trunk, that the murder was planned before the 4th of March, but fell through then, because his accomplice backed out until Richmond could be heard from. Booth and accomplice were at the livery stable at 6 o'clock last evening, and left there with horses about 10 o'clock, or shortly before that hour

It would seem that they had been seeking their chance, but for some unknown reason, it was not carried into effect until last night. One of them has evidently made his way to Baltimore and the other has not yet been traced.

(Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON.

Washington, 15th.

The Provost Marshal General issues a circular in which he says it is believed the assassins of the President and Secretary Seward are attempting to escape to Canada. A thorough examination of all persons attemping to cross from the United States is ordered.

The assassin of the President has left behind him his hat and a spur. The hat has been identified as belonging to the suspected man, and accurately described by other parties, who were not allowed to see it before describing it. The spur was dropped on the stage; that also is identified as the one procured at the stable, where the same man hired a horse.

In the evening, two gentlemen, who went to Secretary Stanton's house, to apprise him of the attack on Mr. Lincoln, met near the residence a man muffled in a cloak, who, when accosted by them, hastened away. It had been Stanton's intention to accompany Mr. Lincoln to the theater and occupy the same box, but the press of business prevented It seems evident that the aim of the plotters was to paralize the country by at once striking down the head, heart and arm of the country.

As soon as the dreadful events were announced in the streets, Richards, assistant Provost Marshal General and his assistants, were at work to discover the assassins, and in a few moments the telegraph had aroused the whole police force of the city, and every precaution was taken to preserve order. All the streets were patrolled by the troops, and the police were mounted by order of Gen. Augur. Every road leading from Washington was strongly picketed.—Steamboats about to depart down the Potomac were stopped and the mournful news was immediately telegraphed to Baltimore. The cavalry there was immediately put upon active duty and every road was picketed, and other measures taken for the arrest of the assassins.

The Chronicle says: It is suspected the conspiracy originated in Maryland

An examination of witnesses, not under oath, before an inferior tribunal this morning, elicited the following:

The murderer of the President was J. Wilkes Booth. His hat was found and identified by several persons who have seen him within the past two days. The spur which he dropped, was identified as the one he obtained at the stable where he got a horse last evening.

This man played several times at Ford's Theater, and was therefore well acquainted with its exits and entrances.

The person who attacked Seward, left behind him a slouched hat and an old rusty revolver, the chambers of which were broken from the barrel, as if by striking. The loads were drawn from the chambers, one being but a rough piece of lead, and the other balls were smaller than the chambers and were wrapped in paper to prevent them falling out.

Washington, 11 a. m., April 15th.

The Star says: The President breathed his last at 7:30 this morning, closing his eyes as if going asleep. His countenance assumed an expression of perfect repose and no indications of pain. Rev. Dr. Gurley, of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, immediately, on it being known that life was extinct, knelt by the bed-side and offered an impressive prayer, which was responded to by all present. Dr. Gurley then proceeded to the front parlor where Mrs. Lincoln, Capt. Robt. Lincoln, Mr. Hay, private secretary, and others were in waiting, where he again offered up a prayer for the consolation of the family.

Washington, noon, April 15th.

The Presidents remains were removed from the private residence, opposite Ford's Theater, to the Executive mansion, at half past nine in a hearse, wrapped in the American flag, escorted by a small guard of cavalry, and Gen. Augur and other military officers on foot. A dense crowd accompanied the remains to the White House, where a military guard excluded all but persons of the household and personal friends of the deceased. The body is being embalmed with a view to its removal to Illinois.

New York, April 15th.

All the places of business are closed, the streets assuming a sombre hue, hotels and public offices, stores and banks are being draped with mourning and suitable resolutions were adopted at the Corn Exchange Gold Room by the regular board of brokers and they then adjourned. An immense meeting was held in Wall street this forenoon, addressed by Butler, Dickinson and others. Appropriate resolutions were adopted and a Committee of 13 eminent merchants and citizens were appointed to go to Washington and attend the funeral. The Governor issued a proclamation, revoking the proposed thanksgiving on the 20th, for the recent victories, changing it to one of humiliation and prayer.

Washington, 15th, 3 p. m.

Official notice of the death of late President Lincoln was given by the heads of the Deparment this morning to Andrew Johnson, Vice President, upon whom by the Constitution is devolved the office of President. Mr. Johnson upon receiving this notice, appeared before the Hon. S. P. Chase, Chief Justice of the U. S. and took the oath of office as President of the United States and assumed its duties and functions. At 12 o'clock the President met the Heads of the Department in a Cabinet meeting at the Treasury Department and among other business the following was transacted:

First; the arrangements for the funeral of the late President were offered to the several Secretaries for as it related to their respective Departments.

Second; William Hunter was appointed acting Secretary of State during the disability of Mr. Seward and his son Frederick Seward assistant Secy.

Third; The President formally announced that he desired to retain the present Secretaries of Department as his Cabinet and they would go on in the discharge of their respective duties in the same manner as before the deplorable event that had changed the Head of Government. All business in the Departments is suspended to-day. The Surgeon's report, that Mr. Seward remains unchanged. He is doing well. No important change in Fred. Sewards condition. The murderers are not yet apprehended. (Signed)

STANTON.

Washington, April 15th.

An official communication was sent to Andrew Johnson, Vice President, this morning, stating that in consequence of the sudden and unexpected death of the President, his inauguration should take place as soon as possible. Mr. Johnson replied that it would be agreeable to him to have the proceedings take place at his rooms in the Kirkwood House. As soon as the arrangements were perfected, Chief Justice Chase was informed of the fact, and repaired to the appointed place in company with Sec'y McCulloch, Att'y Gen'l Speed, and J. P Blair, Montgomery Blair, Senators Foote, Ramsey, Yates, Stuart, of Nevada, and Hale, and Rep. Farnsworth, of Illinois. The oath of office was administered at 11 o'clock, in a solemn and impressive manner; and Mr. Johnson received the kind expressions of the gentlemen present, in a manner which showed his earnest sense of the great responsibility, so suddenly devolved upon him, and made a brief speech, in which he said: The duties of the office are mine, and I will perform them; the consequences are with God. Gentlemen I will lean upon you, and I feel that I shall need your support. I am deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion, and the responsibility of the duties of the office that I am assuming.

Mr. Johnson appeard to be in remarkably good health, and had a high realizing sense of the hopes that are centered upon him; and his manner was solemn and dignified; his whole bearing produced the most gratifying impression

upon those who participated in the ceremonies. It is probable, that President Johnson will issue his first proclamation to the American people, to-day. It is expected that the funeral of the late President will take place at about Thursday next. It is supposed the remains will be temporarily deposited in Congress Cemetery.

New York, 15th.

The Post's special says: The Messenger of the State Dep't, who was in attendance on Sec'y Seward, is dead. Mr. Seward is in a very precarious condition. Another dispatch says, his wounds are bad, but not mortal, He is composed, but has lost much blood—no arteries are cut. Fred'k Seward's skull is fractured badly, in two places, above the temple. He is insensible, and fears are entertained that he will not recover.

Among letters found in Booth's trunk, tending to criminate him, was one apparently from a lady, supplicating him to desist from the peril in which he was about to engage, as the time was inauspicious, and the mine was not ready to be sprung.

The Washington Intelligencer extra says: Evidence obtained renders it highly probable that the person who attempted to murder Mr. Seward is John Survatt, of Prince George county, Maryland. About midnight, two men crossed the Annacasta bridge, one of whom gave his name as Booth and the other as Smith, the latter is supposed to be Survatt, and it is evident the scope of the plot was intended to be much more comprehensive. The Vice President and other prominent members of the Admin istration were particularly inquired for by the suspected parties, and their precise locality accurately obtained, but in their cases was miscarried.

Chicago, 15th.

A telegram this P. M., from J. W. S., Washington, says: Secretary Seward has a gash in the face, but his throat is not cut. He saved himself by rolling from bed.

Dispatches have been received from almost every city, town and hamlet in the North, that the news of the murder of the President and the assassination of the Secretary is received with the profoundest feelings of sorrow. Solemn interest pervades the financial circles, and for the present the course of remark is confined to expressions of deep sorrow at the loss of one so vitally identified with the nation's hopes at this period of its history. Men appear to sympathize as brothers over the loss of the head of our common family, and all seem to realize how much, in spite of party distinctions, they have respected the character of Abraham Lincoln. Business transactions are as little thought of as in the bereaved household. It were vain and unbecoming at this early hour even to imagine the probable effect of this sad event upon the finances and commerce of the country. Men's minds are too profoundly occupied with the event itself to bestow a thought upon any of its consequences.

Toronto, April 15th.

The news of the assassination at Washington has caused a profound sensation here. The flags on the Custom House, American Consulate and shipping in the harbor and in the City are displayed at half mast. Stores and all places of business owned by Americans are closed and the feeling of grief by the Canadian people is intense. it is contemplated giving some public expression.

New York, April 15th.

Several impromtu street meetings were held to-day and addressed by prominent Gentlemen, the unanimous expression being to hold the rebel leaders to a just account for their crimes. Two men who expressed respect for Jeff. Davis were driving out of a newspaper countingroom and hunted by the crowd. The Steamer Aetna sailed at 5.30 p. m with full official dispatches to our ministers at foreign ports. From Washington, an official dispatch was also sent out. Per the Nova Scotia from Portland, Bishop Potter issued an address to all clergymen, appointing appropriate prayers to be read to-morrow, recommending the clothing of the churches in mourning. A committee of the Chamber of Commerce, City Council, Aldermen and other public bodies have been joined to arrange for the public funeral obsequies

Halifax, April 15th.

The Governor appointed to-day for giving assent to the bills passed with the usual ceremonies, but upon the receipt of the news of the Presidents murder, he sent the following to the council:

Government House, Halifax, N.S.,
Saturday, 15th, 1865.

My Dear Sir.—The very shocking intelligence has just reached me of the murder of President Lincoln, by the hands of an assassin, and my sense of the loss which the order has sustained by the death of a man whom I have always regarded as eminently upright in intentions, indisposes me to undertake any public ceremony, such as I had contemplated in my intended visit to the Legislative Council this day. I beg, therefore, to notify you of the postponement of that visit, and perhaps under the circumstances men of all parties may feel that the suspension of further public business for the day would be a work of sympathy, not unbecoming the Legislature to offer, and one which, none could misconstrue. (Signed)

RICHD. GROOVES MCDONNELL.

To Edwin Kinney, President of the Legislative Council.

Washington, 15th.

Gen. Grant arrived here on a special train about noon, and immediately proceeded to the President's house.

The second extra of the Evening Star says: Col. Ingraham, Provost Marshal of the defences north of the Potomac, Judge Olin of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and Justice Miller, were engaged to-day at the police headquarters on Tenth street, taking testimony of a large number of witnesses. Lieut. Tyrell of Col. Ingraham's staff, last night, proceeded to the National Hotel, where Booth has been stopping, and took possession of his trunk, in which he found a Colonel's military dress coat, two pairs of handcuffs, two boxes of cartridges, and a package of letters, all of which are now in possession of the military authorities.

One of these letters, bearing date at Hookstown, Md., seems to implicate Booth, and speaks of the mysterious affair in which you are engaged, and urges Booth to proceed to Richmond and ascertain the views of the authorities there, upon the subject of the letter; and endeavors to persuade Booth from carrying his designs into execution at that time, for the reason, as the writer alleges, the Gov't had its suspicions aroused. The writer seems to have been implicated with Booth in the mysterious affair referred to; as he informs Booth, in a letter, that he would prefer to express his views verbally; then goes on to say that he was out of money, had no clothes, and would be compelled to leave home, as his family were desirous that he should desolve his connection with Booth. This letter was written on note paper, in a small neat hand, and bears signature in the same.

At the cabinet meting yesterday, which lasted over two hours, the future policy of Gov't towards Virginia, was discussed.

The best feeling was prevailing, and it is stated that it was determined to adopt a very liberal policy, as recommended by the President; and it is said, that this meeting was the most harmonious held for two years. The President exhibiting throughout, that magnanimity and kindness of heart, which ever characterizes his treatment of the rebellious States, which is so illy requited on their part. One of the members of the cabinet remarked to a friend, that he met at the door, that the Gov't was to-day stronger than it had been for three years.

Halifax, April the 15th.

Upon the announcement of the death of Lincoln, Parliament adjourned and the flags on the Government House, Citadel, American Consulate and American vessels in port were at half mast and deep sympathy prevails in the minds of all friends of the Union. The blockade runner Col. Lamb was gaily decked with flags which were ordered down by the naval authorities.

Washington, April 15th.

To-day no one is allowed to leave the City by rail conveyance or on foot and the issuing of passes from Head-Quarters of the Department of Washington have been suspended by General Augur.

New York, April 15th.

Dispatches have been received from all parts of the country expressive of the grief of the people at the nations calamity.

Richmond, Va., 15th.

Orders were issued rescinding the permission for the assembling of gentlemen, comprising the late Legislature of Virginia, and those remaining in the city twelve hours after the issue of this order will be subject to military arrest, unless their residence be in the city.

Chicago, 15th.

Dispatches from every portion of the North show the most bitter feeling and hostility to secession sympathizes. There has been no serious outbreaks, but individual instances are mentioned where persons expressing secession sentiments have been summarily dealt with. A sympathiser in Washington was shot dead by a soldier for rejoicing over the death of Mr. Lincoln. The soldier was not arrested. Geo. Wells was arrested and sent to the penitentiary in New York for a similar offence, and another man in Wall street, a gold broker, gave vent to secession sentiments, and preparations were immediately made by the crowd to hang him to a lamp post, but was rescued by the police. Three rebel prisoners were hung at Indianopolis for expressing gratification at the success of the assassination. The universal feeling seems to be to mete out the sternest justice to all sympathizers with the rebellion.

New York, April 15th.

The Tribune's special says: Lee confessed to Grant that Johnston's entire force was not over 10,000.

The Government is in hourly expectation of important news from Sherman. Lee has not yet passed to Johnston's army, but it is expected he will communicate with Johnston and advise him to surrender upon the terms granted to the army of North Virginia.

New York, April 15th.

The Herald this morning makes no editorial comments on the assassination of the President.

The Times makes no comment.

The Tribune says: Sudden death is always overwhelming, and the assassination of the humblest of men is always frightfully startling. That when the head of thirty millions of people is hurried into eternity by the hand of a murderer, and that head man so good, so wise, so noble, as Abraham Lincoln, Chief Magistrate of the Nation. In the condition of affairs of this moment, the sorrow and shock are too great for many words. For once, all party rancor will be forgotten, no right thinking man can hear of Mr. Lincoln's death, without accepting it as a national calamity.

The World says: But yesterday the country was in the highth of joyful exultation over the decisive efforts, which seemed to promise peace and a restored Union to a suffering people; today every loyal heart must suffer a terrible shock and swell with grief at the calamity which has been permitted to befall us. In the assassination of our Chief Magistrate the splendor of our triumph is robbed of half its lustre. It is a deeper loss than if our first soldier had fallen by a hostile bullet, as gallant Sedgwick; a greater loss than if the army had perished in the shock of battle. The cry of the murderer, as he leaped from the President's box and ran across the stage, betrays no madness or frenzy. All the circumstances show that the same political fury and hate which lit flames of the great rebellion, inspired these hellish deeds by so much, as these detract from the splendor of our triumph in its utter subjugation and by so much do they brand with deeper and more damning infamy the plotters, its leaders, its sympathizers.

Other papers speak in high terms of the illustrious dead, who, by unswerving honesty of purpose and an earnest desire to do his whole duty under the light of conscience and truth for the best interests of the country, had won the esteem of all right minded men

The Herald's special says: The scene at the President's bed-side is described by one who witnessed it as most affecting. It was surrounded by the Cabinet Ministers, all of whom were bathed in tears, not even excepting Mr. Stanton, who, when informed by Surgeon-General Barnes that the President could not live until morning, exclaimed, "Oh, no, General, no! no!" and with impulse natural as it was unaffected, immediately sat down on a chair near his bedside and wept like a child. Senator Sumner was seated on the right of the President's couch, near his head, holding the right hand of the President in his own, and he was sobbing like a woman, with his head bowed down almost on the pillow of the bed on which the President was lying.

Washington. April 15th.

The last writing done by the President was addressed to Hon. Geo. Ashman, in reply to a request by the latter for an interview. A message was written on a card on the President's knee in his carriage, about a quarter past eight, just as he was starting for the theater. The note was as follows: "Come to me at 9 a. m. to-morrow, April 15th, 1865."

Reports are in circulation that Booth is captured, but they lack confirmation.

New York 9 a. m., April 15th.

Intense sorrow is depicted upon all countenances at the events that occurred in Washington last night and the grief of all good men is apparent everywhere, at the demise of the President, and until the state of the President was known, when the flags were all placed at half-mast. The people appear perfectly horrified, and the utmost rage is undoubtedly felt for all known secessionists and rebel sympathizers.

Y. M. L. Association, S. L. City, this evening, particular business.

PRICE OF GOLD.

COIN—1.30.
DUST—Virginia $22.00; Boise $18.

Notice.

ELECTION of officers for the ensuing term will take place in the Camp Douglas Circle, F. B., on Wednesday evening, April 19th inst, Every member in Camp will attend.

By order of
JOHN EGAN, Centre.
Camp Douglas, U. T. April 15th. apr17.3t

JEWELRY JEWELRY!

OF

Every Description,

California Quartz Goods,

A fine Assortment of

WATCHES AND CHAINS,

BOTH

Gold and Silver

Just arrived from San Francisco and now open by

JOHN MEEKS.

At the NEW YORK STORE, mar13-tf.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Gold is Down

—0—

GREAT PANIC

in

Dry Goods!

—

Gilbert & Sons

ahead of all

Competition.

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The
recent
great decline
in Gold having
caused a corresponding
decline in dry goods, groceries
and all other articles, and being
very anxious to close out, to
make room for our new
Stock, which we expect in a few
weeks, we
can
offer to our

Customers

Unusual advantages,
we can sell goods
at a profit
at

LOWER PRICES

than any other

HOUSE

in the

CITY.

Those who wish to have a large margin will buy of

GILBERT & SONS.

mar31-tf.

G. McFARLAND,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED LIQUORS.

Every article of precisely the Quality recommended, and sold at fair prices.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

mar27-4f.

Assessment Notice.

AT a regularly called Meeting of the Shareholders of the Gold Cañon consolidated G. & S. Silver Quartz Mining Co., held at Egan Canyon, Landers county, Nevada, on the 14th of March, 1865, Assessment No. 1 of three ($3.00) dollars per shot was levied on the Shareholders of said Company, payable on or before the 20th day of April 1865.

EDWARD INGHAM Pres't.
mar20-1m JOHN M. MURPHY, Sec'ty.

HO! FOR THE EAST.

T. D. BROWN will be in the City for a few days to receive

Orders and Money

From Parties desirous of sending for

Machinery, Miners' Tools. Outfits, Family Groceries, Clothing, etc., etc.,

Also—

Certificates,
Powers of Attorney,
empowering him to sell
Mining Stock,
Feet,
Claims,
or Lodes of Utah, Nevada and Montana.

Call at

T. D. Brown & Son's.

GREAT REDUCTION & SACRIFICE

IMMENSE FALL

IN ALL

CLASSES OF GOODS.

CHEAPER than the CHEAPEST.

NEW STORE, NEW STORE!

STAINES & NEEDHAM'S old Stand in Main Street

Now is the time for

COUNTRY DEALERS

And Families to lay in Supplies. We are determined to sell and give

GREAT BARGAINS,

Our immense Stock of Merchandise in Store and continually arriving and opening

Must be sold off.

The entire Stock we have marked down at such Prices to offer the

Greatest inducements

to customers and all who favor us with a call. we guarantee to give them satisfaction in every Article.

TEAS OF THE FINEST QUALITY.

Brown Sheeting,	Cotton Yarn,
Cheek,	Brass Kettles,
Hickory,	Spades and Shovels,
Prints,	Forks and Rakes,
Shakers,	Scythes and Snaths,
Spring and Summer	Hoes,
Dress Goods,	Axes.
Ladies and Gents	Crockery,
Boots and Shoes,	Cutlery,
Notions in every variety	Stationery and Perfumery.

Coffee, Sugar, Spice Pepper Mustard,

And all kinds of fancy

Groceries.

Do not forget the old Stand of

STAINES AND NEEDHAM.

mar24-tf.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Baltimore, April 14th.

The Richmond Whig publishes the oath of allegiance, which it says the citizens will be required to swear and subscribe to. The Provost Marshall office is crowded with people anxious to take it. The only question among the citizens seems to be who shall be the first to renew their citizenship.

Washington, April 14th.

Advices just received from Goldsboro report that Sherman's army moved on the tenth.

Gen. Lee arrived in Richmond on Wednesday.

New Orleans, April 8th.

The Times' Spanish Fort special of the 5th says: A furious fire was opened on the rebel forts last night from our entire line. During the bombardment a small magazine exploded in Spanish Fort; damage unknown. Quiet prevailed on the 5th.

Deserters report that 18,000 or 20,000 troops are in and about Mobile and nearly all State reserves and 2,000 in Spanish Fort. The loss outside of Spanish Fort, up to the 4th, amounted to 500 killed and wounded. The rebel loss exceeds ours.

Mobile papers of the 4th, announces the capture of Selma, with twenty-three pieces of artillery and a large amount of government property.

New York, April 14th.

The Times' City Point special says: As soon as Sheridan had rested his men and horses he moved directly for Danville, and has, ere this, occupied the place. It was seventy-five miles distant. This placed his force directly in Johnston's rear and cuts off his hope of escape. Sherman moved from Goldsboro on Monday last. The number of prisoners captured from the beginning of the campaign, is over 25,000, aside from those surrendered and paroled.

The weekly returns from the Bank of France shows an increase of cash on hand of over ten and a half million francs.

NOTICE.

WILL give $35 per Ton for HAULING Coal from East Weber to Camp Douglas.

mar10-tf G. W. CARLETON.

No Book for Choirs and Singing Schools.

For Musical Conventions and the Home Circle has given such general satisfaction as

"The Harp of Judah."

A new collection of Sacred and Secular Music, of which Fifty Thousand Copies have already been sold. Price $1,25. Specimen pages sent free.

OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
277 Washington St., Boston.

MORRIS & BERGER,

DEALERS IN

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

HAVE removed their stand in the CITY MARKET, to the one opposite that of J. Paul & Co. Everything in the Provision and Grocery line constantly on hand, and at REDUCED PRICES. mar18-tf

A Remarkable Fine Collection of Music for the Piano-forte,

1,000 Pieces for $12,50.

The following Books are of uniform size and style and form the best collection of Choice Music, for the Piano-forte ever Published. The HOME CIRCLE, a collection of MARCHES, WALTZES, POLKAS, SCHOTTISCHES, REDOWAS, QUADRILLES, CONTRA DANCES, FOUR-HAND PIECES and PIANO GEMS, 2 Vols. The SHOWER OF PEARLS, a collection of choice Vocal Duets with Piano Accompaniments. The SILVER CORD, a collection of Songs, Ballads, Quartettes, Duets, &c. &c. with Piano Accompaniments. Operatic Pearls. A coll. of the Vocal Beauties of the best Operas, with Piano Accompaniments. All of the above sent, post paid for $12 50, or singly at the following prices.—Plain, $2 50, Cloth, $3,00, full Gilt, $4,00.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
277 Washington St., Boston.

SECOND TO NONE IN THIS TER'TRY.

IMMENSE REDUCTION IN PRICES.

—o—

CLOSING OUT OF STOCK.

CALL AT

BODENBURG & KAHN'S

East Temple Street a few Doors below Pacific Telegraph Office.

Having an Immense large and well selected Stock of General Merchandise on hand and expecting in addition two large trains from California and the East with a general Assortment of Spring

DRESS GOODS,

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

And various other Articles necessary for Utah trade, we have made a

GREAT REDUCTION

IN

PRICES.

To close our present Stock and make room for more-

We are now offering to the Public the

Best, Largest & Cheapest

STOCK OF MERCHANDISE

unequalled in Quality and Price by any other Mercantile House in this Territory.

Selling at cost

We would direct particular attention to our large Stock of

Boots & Shoes

Which we are now selling at cost, wishing to go out of that branch of business and are offering them Wholesale and retail at a great sacrifice.

Our Stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

AND CLOTHING,

is complete and of a Quality and Prices, which need no recommendation.

We have also on hand

COOKING STOVES,

CARPENTERS TOOLS,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

Tobacco,

Segars,

Yankee Notions,

School Books,

Stationery,

And a variety of other GOODS to numerous to mention.

We invite one and all.

dec15-tf BODENBURG & KAHN.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS.

—o—

GREAT DECLINE

in

GOODS!

—o—

CALL AT

WALKER BRO'S

For all descriptions of

DOMESTIC, DRY

AND

DRESS GOODS

AT LESS PRICES THAN ANY

House in Town

We defy Competion,

All our large Stock on hand must be closed out

IMMEDIATELY,

at a great sacrifice, to make room for our

SPRING STOCK

FROM

EAST AND WEST.

mar18tf. WALKER BRO'S.

G. ROSENBAUM, CHAS. POPPER, L. NEWMAN

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & CO.,

TAKE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

Now Opened

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY.

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

will always be on Hand,

BEEF
PORK
MUTTON
VEAL
LAMB
PORK SAUSAGE,
HEAD CHEESE,
LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNED BEEF AND PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,
SWEET BREADS,
TRIPE,
BRAINS,

And everything in the Business.

THE Patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment.

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customers, and orders sent by the young will have the same prompt attention.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

N. B.—Purchasers will have their Meats sent to any part of the City

Free of Charge.

ROSENBAUM & CO.

January 10th, 1865. tf.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE

PRICE OF GOODS!

—o—

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Take pleasure in returning thanks to their patrons for the very liberal encouragement they have received at their

NEW STORE, EAST TEMPLE ST.

And avail themselves of the earliest opportunity of announcing that one of the firm having purchased largly in the Eastern Markets, and upon advantageous terms, they are now enabled to offer a

REDUCTION OF

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT LESS THAN ANY HOUSE IN TOWN.

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FINEST STYLES

of

PLAIN AND FANCY

Dress Goods,

Ever offered in this Market.

—o—

Our Stock is extensive, and embraces, besides the whole range of

Staple Goods

every minor article enumerated in the catalogue of the

BEST MERCANTILE HOUSES

In the West.

THE FINEST GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL, AND YOUNG HYSON

TEAS.

—o—

Our old Establishment, just below the Overland Stage Office, has now a complete Stock of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING

GOODS

AND

Winter Clothing

Of the most Superb and most Substantial

QUALITY.

—o—

The highest Price paid for

FLOUR,
WHEAT,
BARLEY,
OATS,
CORNMEAL,
BUTTER and EGGS

apr18-tf

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NEBRASKA CITY,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City Montana, via. East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannock.

Time to Denver,..... 5 days.
Time to Atchison & Nebraska City, 18 "

apl8-tf JO. S. ROBERSON, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.,

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT NINE O'CLOCK, A. M.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.
Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. apl1tf